Blackstone Shaw Activity Center

Advisory Group Meeting 1 November 7, 2018

Welcome and Introductions









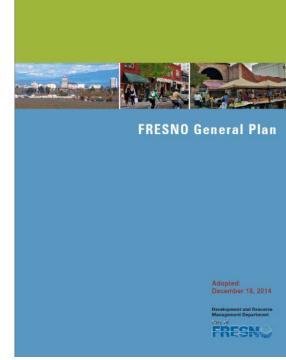


...big streets can also serve as connections between people and places of community appeal, innovation, enterprise and even healing, if they are designed and constructed to be comfortable and safe for all who travel on them.

Project Purpose

 The Project will develop community-driven design concepts to implement Complete Streets improvements that increase the effective range of public transit and serve the needs of all

roadway users, particularly pedestrians.



Advisory Group Role

1. Help document existing conditions, set the project direction, review project deliverables, and assist with decision-making

2. Communicate with external stakeholders that will also need to be engaged to ensure widespread buy-in

3. Assist with the Blackstone-Shaw community design workshop: help get folks there!

Project Schedule

Existing Conditions

- Field Visit + Existing Plans Review: Nov 2018
- Advisory Group Mtg 1: Nov 2018
- Traffic Impact Analysis: Nov-Dec 2018

Community Input

- Community Design Event and Advisory Group Mtgs 2 + 3: Jan-Mar 2019
- Draft Admin Report + Open House: Mar-Jun 2019

Report Document

- Report Revisions: Jun-Jul 2019
- Approvals, COG and City of Fresno: Aug-Sep 2019

Your Goals for the Project

What groups or interests do you represent?

Why are you here today?



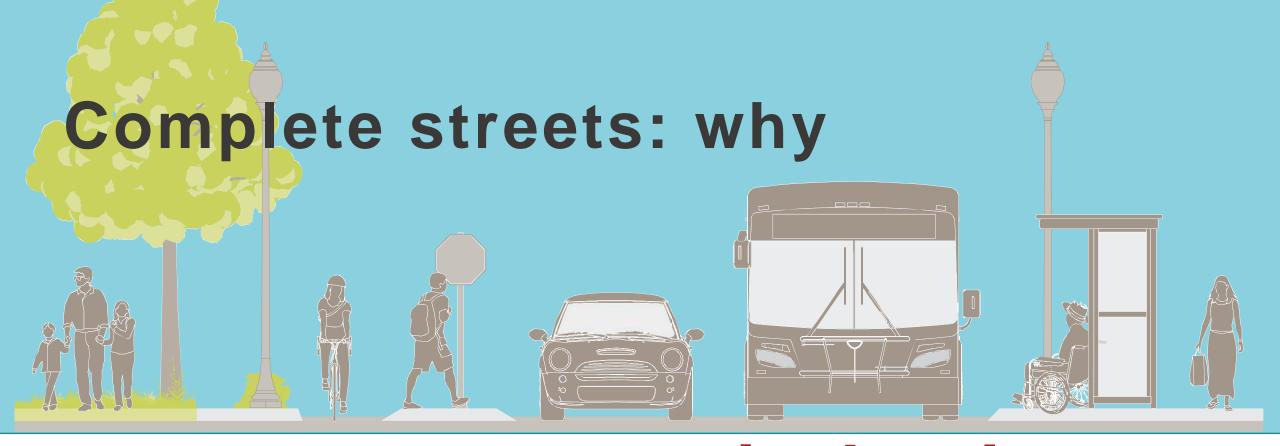
Complete Streets:

what, why, and how



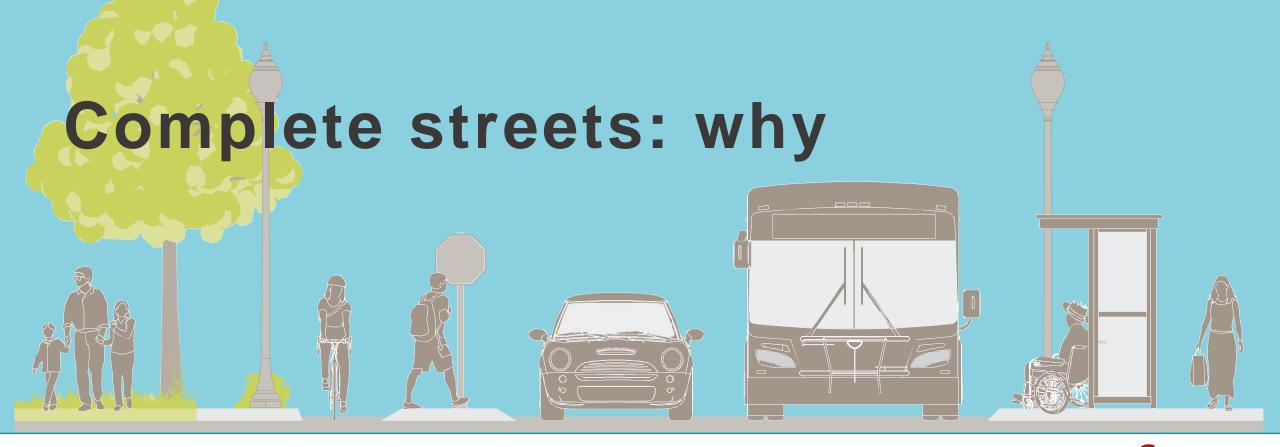
Complete streets are streets for everyone. They serve all modes and have the ability to improve both access and mobility, while also increasing real and perceived safety of users.

Fresno's General Plan calls for "creative solutions that emphasize all modes of transportation."



economic development

Making it easier for residents and visitors to take transit, walk, or bike to their destinations **helps stimulate the local economy**. Having a street that is more comfortable and welcoming brings in new customers, spurs private investment, and increases property values.

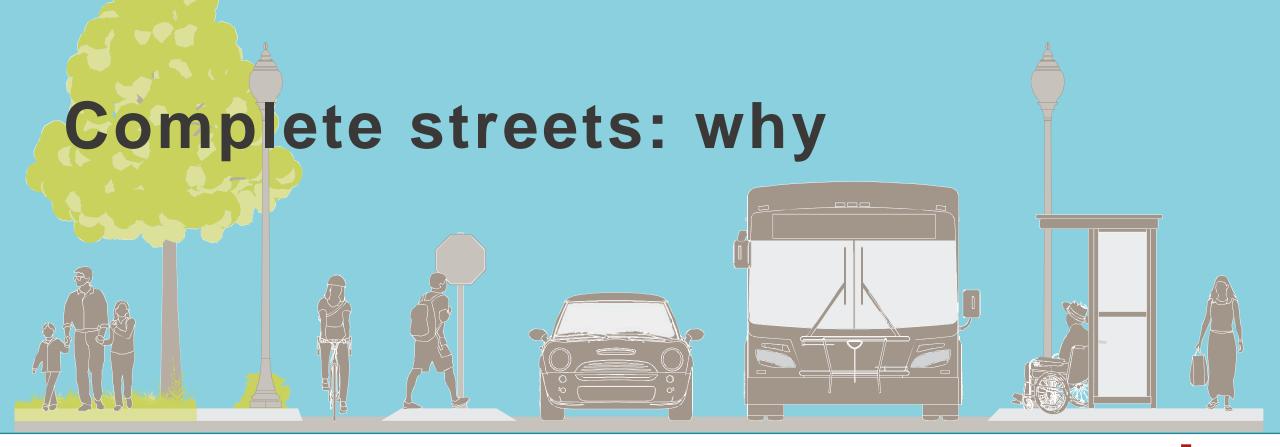


safety

Providing safe and convenient bicycle and pedestrian networks increases safety for all roadway users.

Simply painting crosswalks on wide high-speed roads does not reduce pedestrian crashes, but

measures that design the street with pedestrians in mind, including sidewalks, raised medians, improved bus stop placement, traffic-calming measures, and bicycle lanes all significantly reduce accidents and improve overall safety.



equity

Communities of color and low-income communities are disproportionately affected by unsafe streets, have higher pedestrian fatality rates, and are less likely to have access to personal automobiles. Complete streets improve safety and give those without a car better access to places they need to go.



case study

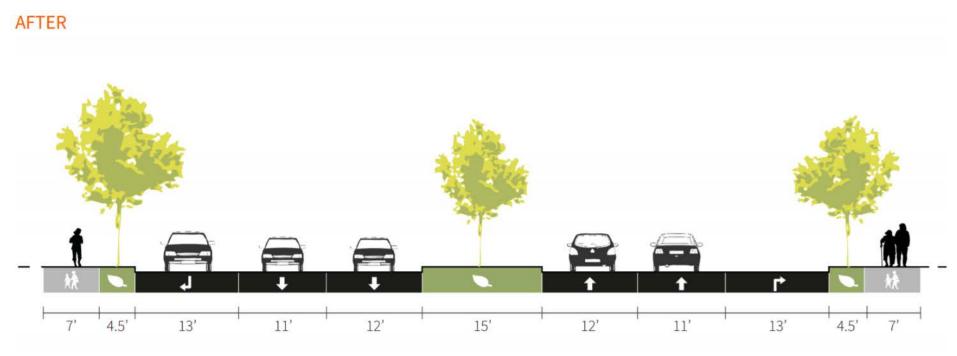
Aurora Avenue N. (Shoreline, WA)

Learn more in Rethinking Streets: An Evidence-Based Guide to 25 Complete Street Transportations (http://rethinkingstreets.com/)

How?

- Widened the ROW by acquiring land from adjacent owners
- Installed planted median strips, improved pedestrian crossings, and added dedicated lane for buses and right turns





BEFORE





2008



2011





the facts

- **SAFETY.** Before the redesign, the corridor had an average of one crash a day. After the redesign, crashes were reduced by 60%.
- **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.** Adjacent business owners were concerned about losing business during the construction. While their sales decreased 2.9% during the first year, they increased by 9.1% the second year.

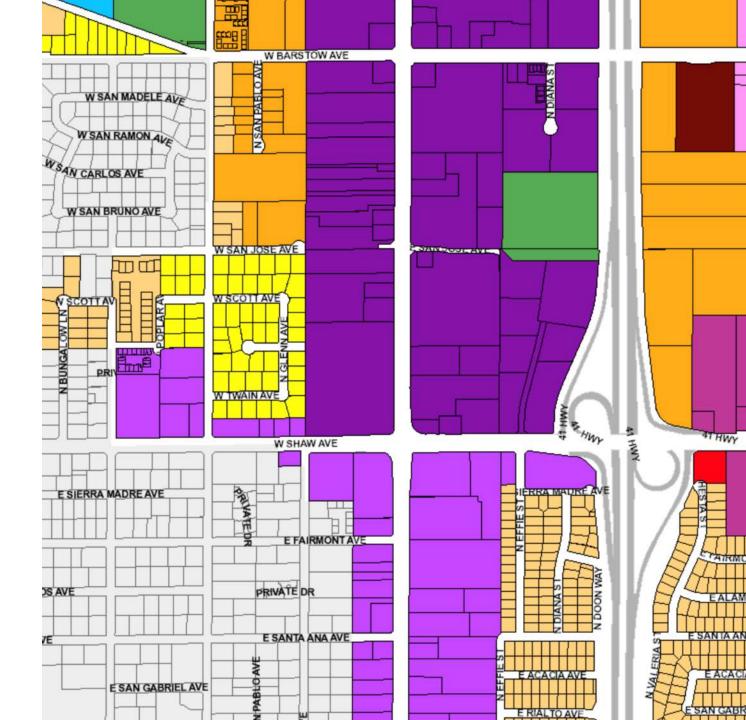
Complete Streets Edges:

what, why, and how

Mixed-Use Districts

Purpose:

"Promote pedestrianoriented infill development, intensification, and reuse of land consistent with the General Plan."



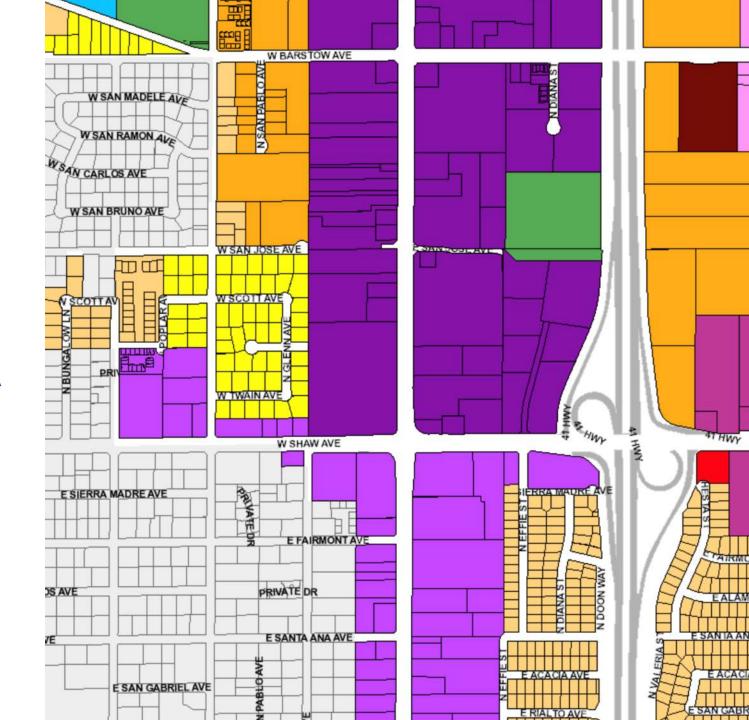
Source: Citywide Development Code

Mixed-Use Districts

Purpose:

"Allow and encourage the development of mixed-use centers and corridors with a vibrant concentration of goods and services, multi-family housing, and community gathering and public spaces at strategic locations."

Source: Citywide Development Code



Urban building types

Intent of Mixed-Use Zones



More urban

Less urban

Street edge: what

frontages

A 'frontage' is the part of the building that engages the street and sidewalk. Building frontages serve as the interface between the public and private realms.



Components:

Active ground floor



Components:

Active ground floor

Space to walk



Components:

- Active ground floor
- Space to walk
- Space window shop



Components:

- Active ground floor
- Space to walk
- Space window shop
- Space to sit or park your bike



Components:

Active ground floor

Space to walk

Space window shop

Space to sit or park your bike



Street edge in corridor environments

























Branding and Sense of Place

- Coordinated streetscaping (like signage, street furniture, or public art) tells visitors they have entered a special, distinct place. Use style consistency to prevent clutter.
- **Design Considerations**: celebrate uniqueness, colocated with other streetscape elements (e.g. lighting).











Site Furnishings

- Creating a walkable street improves livability, safety, and local business - but walkability starts with offering places for people to stop and enjoy the destination. Street furniture offers spots to rest, eat, meet up, or even charge technology. These needs can be met in fun ways to create welcoming environments for both individuals and groups.
- **Design Considerations**: variety of seating types, attractive and functional benches, integrated plants/shade, arrangements to facilitate use by groups.











Public Art

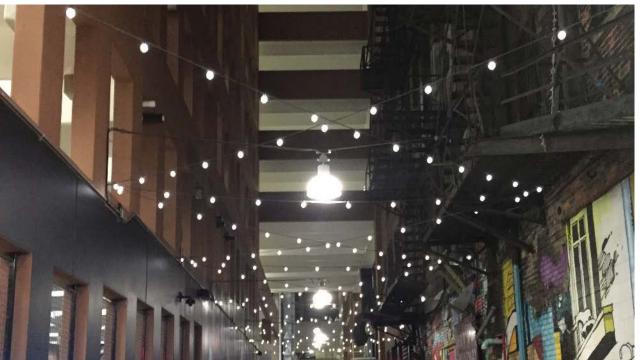
- Public art is a means to make Blackstone's character tangible. When community members develop and participate, murals can become photo backdrops, political commentary, or ways to show local pride. Public art is flexible and can change over the years, or it can become permanent.
- Design Considerations: eco-friendly paint, themed art/colors to create unified character, local artists.











Lighting

- Lighting is important for security and pedestrian safety. Multi-sided lighting especially helps to illuminate walkers from the side or bottom, rather than just spotlighting them from above. Lighting contributes dynamically to the sense of a place, whether creating uplighting accents, highlighting art, or setting a twinkling "roof" over a space.
- Design Considerations: side/bottom light sources, pedestrian-oriented, minimized light pollution/spill, color-balance lamps.

Group Exercise

Break

Group Report Out

What we've learned so far

Crash History, 2011-2015

- 10 pedestrian-involved
- 7 bicycle-involved
- 56 automobile



Collisions

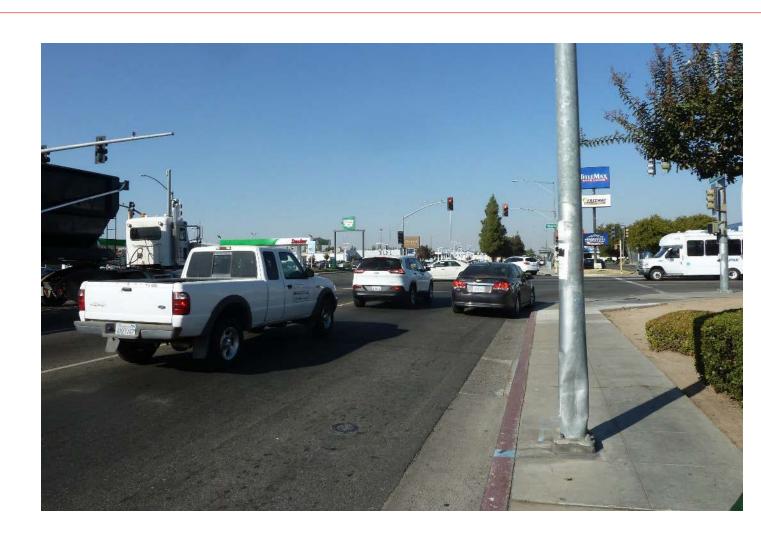
- Pedestrian Involved
- Bicycle Involved
- No Pedestrian Or Bicycle Involved
- Project Area Boundary

Crash locations have been adjusted from their exact location for increased visibility.



Auto Traffic

- High traffic speeds
- High traffic volumes, though still free-flowing
- Longer queues on Shaw
- Long signal phases
- Wide outside lanes used for right turn lane



Transit

- Observed high ridership on FAX Q
- Spurs pedestrian activity around stops, especially at transfer location



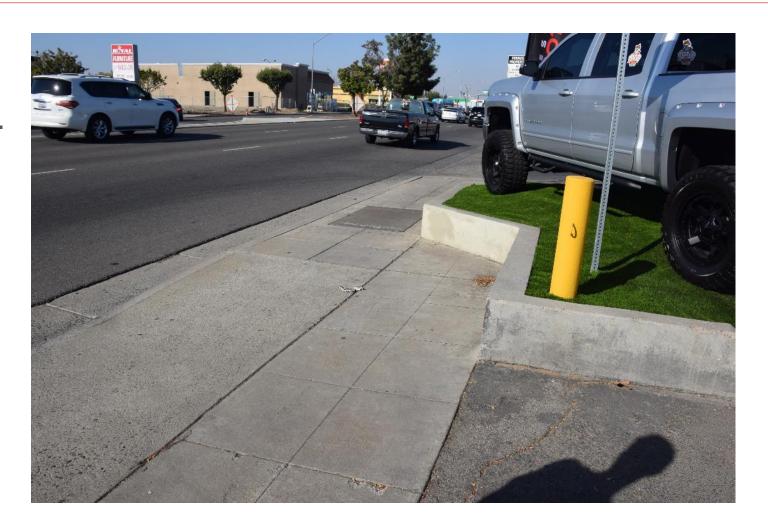
Sidewalks

- Blackstone: 6 feet typical
- Shaw: 9 feet typical
- No buffer between roadway and sidewalk
- Frequent obstructions
- Few cross streets with sidewalks



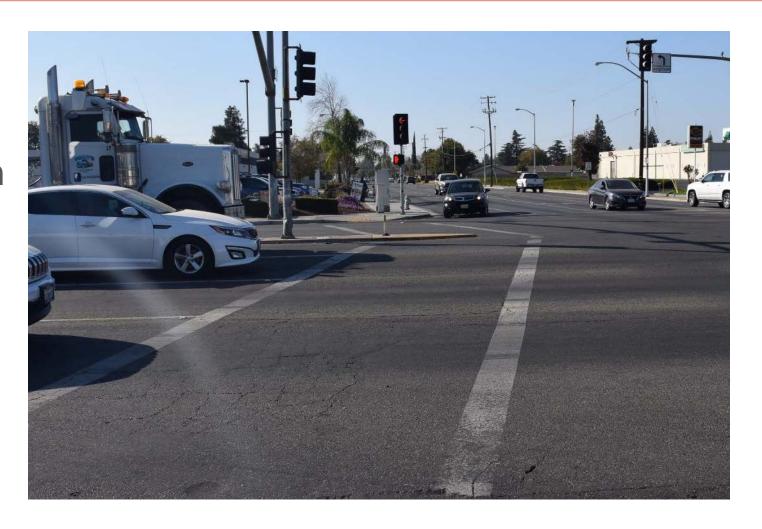
Driveways

- Frequent, 1+ per parcel
- Wide aprons allow highspeed turns
- Consistent ADA treatment



Crossings

- Long distances across streets
- Long distances between crossings
- Median noses in crosswalks and narrow medians



Biking

- People ride bikes on sidewalks, not the street
- Ride with and against traffic
- Bikes seen on most FAXQ buses



Frontages

- Mostly large setbacks (not allowed in current code)
- Few doors directly to sidewalk
- Some new edge buildings



Outdoor Uses

Few present

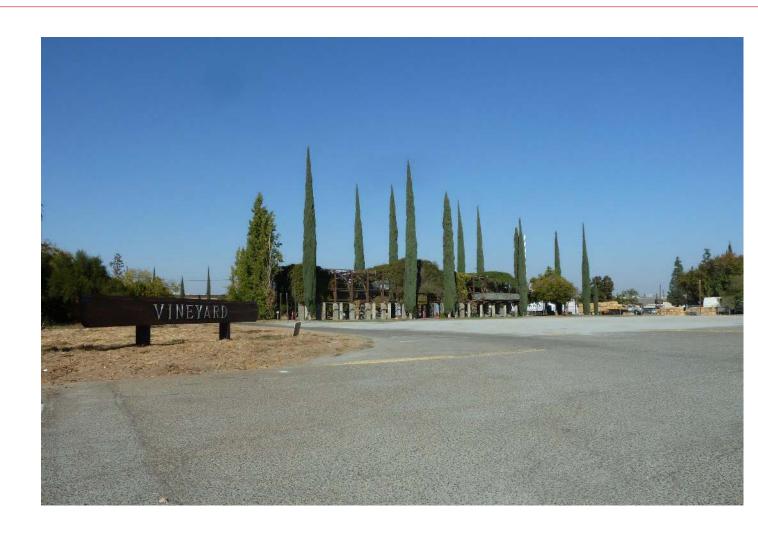
- Requires large buffer for comfort
- Starbucks: 10 foot planted buffer
- Rocket Dog: Wall plus tall plantings



Farmers Market

Great asset for the study area

Does not interface with street



Dialog!

 Political signs and activity at Blackstone/Shaw reinforce importance of the location as a crossroads/place of dialogue



Next Steps

Thank you!